

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

Published Every Morning in the Year by
THE WASHINGTON HERALD COMPANY.

Publication Office:
734 FIFTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST.

Entered as second-class matter, October 3, 1886, at
the post-office at Washington, D. C., under act
of Congress of March 3, 1879.

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Telephone: Main 2200. (Private Branch Exchange)

Subscription Rates by Carrier or Mail.
Daily and Sunday.....50 cents per month
Daily and Sunday.....\$5.00 per year
Daily, without Sunday.....\$4.00 per year
Daily, without Sunday.....\$40.00 per year
Sunday, without daily.....\$2.00 per year

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Manuscripts offered for publication will
be returned if unavailable, but stamps
should be sent with the manuscript for
that purpose.

All communications intended for this
newspaper, whether for the daily or the
Sunday issue, should be addressed to
THE WASHINGTON HERALD.

New York Representative, J. C. WILKBERG
SPECIAL AGENT, BRUNSWICK BUILDING.
Chicago Representative, BARNARD & BRAN-
HAM, Boyer Building.

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1909.

LET YOUR PAPER FOLLOW YOU.

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mailed upon request to subscribers
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of town as in the city.

Problems of College Graduates.

It sounds coldly calculating, when
heard without context, to hear a bacca-
laureate preacher telling the students
about to be introduced into practical life
from Dartmouth College, "Now, you are
called upon to earn your own living.
From this time on honor money-getting,
money, and power." But it is the love of
money, not money itself, that is the
prophet's root of all evil. The difference
is that between greed and thrift. Avarice
springs from covetousness, forbidden as
long ago as the writing of the Decalogue;
thrift is a quality most desirable in youth
and essential to the normal prosperity of
life in later years. The graduate fresh
from college halls and campus will find
the world, if he is forced at once into
self-reliance and resources of his own
discovery and earning, a hard place to
make a profitable way.

His first task, if alone and unaided, will
be to find employment that shall yield
him physical support, while leading to-
ward the higher walks of the work that
he has chosen for his life. That task in
itself implies a diligent and per-
sistent search. But when work is once
found it will be discovered that its initial
reward is moderate. In most cases it will
be so scant as to leave little margin be-
yond the necessities of respectable self-
support. Moreover, there is at this period
the additional burden upon youth of spe-
cializing himself for his selected career
of industry, professional or in any of the
multifarious paths of business. But most
young men, while going through this
 ordeal, can find a way to put aside some-
thing. It is not the amount that counts
so much as the firm formation of the
habit. Nor does this imply the acqui-
sition of parsimony. Intelligent thrift need
not freeze the generous springs of fine
personal character.

Simultaneously, the thrifty collegiate,
from his first entrance into the stern
arena of life, would be wise in not putting
aside the sacred duty of searching for
the right woman to make his wife. It
may be necessary to postpone matrimony
for a while, but the interval should be
filled with an ambition not only for self-
support, but for the founding of a home.
Domesticity is normally instinctive, while
morally it holds in matrimony the most
desirable state. Bachelorhood, when of
deliberate choice, implies selfishness, al-
though, as every one knows, its origin or
prolongation may be wholly altruistic.
Carpe diem is advice that needs accom-
panying and far-sighted purpose. It is
possible to seize and utilize the days as
they flit in such a fashion as to make
every one of them contribute to the hap-
piness of later years.

A Red Blood Producing Diet.

Says the Macon News:
"The Washington Herald does not want to be
throwing out on corned beef and cabbage as
articles of diet."

Our esteemed and highly appreciated
contemporary is right—everlastingly, eter-
nally, emphatically, and indisputably
right. The Herald does not want to be
throwing out on corned beef and cabbage
—and the Herald has never been guilty
of doing it; and it never will be guilty.
On the contrary, The Herald is prepared
to sing its praises as vociferously and as
harmoniously as within its power lies.
It will enshrine it in prose or immortal-
ize it in poetry, whichever the News
thinks the better.

Corned beef and cabbage constitute a
diet for men. It generates red blood and
muscle; it has nourished many a fighter,
and has been the design but amply pro-
ved influence actually behind many a
famous victory. Old Frederick William
I of Prussia is said to have lived on it
almost exclusively, and from his loins
came Frederick the Great, surely the
foremost soldier and statesman of his
day and time in Europe. Moreover, as
something good to eat, corned beef and
cabbage puts it all over that other all
too frequent dish, salt pork and cabbage.
Not that the latter combination does not
have its proper place in a comprehensive
gastronomic scheme of things, to be sure,
but because its sphere of rational activity
is sharply circumscribed and confined,
righteously, to very cold weather exclu-
sively, whereas corned beef and cabbage
claims all seasons as its own.

We have great respect for the man who
relishes, and frankly confesses a weak-
ness for, a generous dish of this joint
product of gustatory endeavor. If he
imbibes copious draughts of buttermilk
along with it, and sends it to the inner

man's inspection chaperoned by planta-
tion-style hockeys, we admit, without
further question, that he is a gentleman,
a scholar, and a judge of good pot
liquor. Corned beef and cabbage may be
held in light esteem by some people—per-
sons who prefer chocolate eclairs and
angel food mostly—but Jove and all his
satellites might have employed it as an
ambrosia chaser, and with fine effect, we
suspect, nevertheless.

Let not the Macon News vex its soul
for fear that we shall not hold the corned
beef and cabbage fort against all comers
—mollycoddles, milkshakes, breakfast-food
fads, or whatnot. Perish the thought
that we should utter one sentiment that
might be twisted by any malignant or
abandoned heart to the discredit of this
man-making delight!

Sunday Afternoon Park Concerts.

Col. Spencer Cosby, superintendent of
buildings and grounds, suggests the
holding of a series of Sunday afternoon
band concerts in the larger parks of the
city during the summer. It is a splendid
idea and he will find the community
largely in accord with it.

It is true that many people go away
at this season of the year, but it is
equally true that many more stay at
home, and the pleasure of these stay-at-
homes is well worth considering. Wash-
ington does not lay claim to advantages
as a summer resort, but with its wide,
well-shaded streets, its countless breath-
ing spaces, and its freedom from smoke
and dirt, it is infinitely more attractive
and comfortable in the dog days than
most other cities. Indeed, life here in
July and August is not only endurable,
but really enjoyable, when taken at its
best.

Col. Cosby's plan to add to the sum-
mer pleasures by supplementing the
evening park concerts with Sunday after-
noon concerts is most praiseworthy and
we wish it speedy consummation.

Apart from the concerts in the city
parks proper, why not have the Marine
Band play on Sunday afternoon—occasion-
ally, at least—in Zoological Park?
Where could music be heard under more
delightful auspices? Add these concerts
to the regular attractions of the Zoo, and
the number of Sunday afternoon visi-
tors—always large—would be multiplied
many fold.

The spring concerts on the Speedway
served an admirable purpose in bring-
ing to public attention a magnificent reser-
vation of which the public knew little, but
these concerts did not partake of popu-
lar characteristics because of the inaccessi-
bility of the esplanade. Their discon-
tinuance, therefore, was quite in order.

Let us have concerts in the parks even-
ings and Sunday afternoons—popular con-
certs that will be within reach of the
masses. Hail, Col. Cosby!

Free Ships in a Subsidy Bill.

In the new ship subsidy bill intro-
duced by Representative Humphreys, a
notable concession is made to the views
of those who contend that American-
owned ships of foreign construction should
be admitted to American registry. Under
the navigation laws Americans owning
foreign built ships are not permitted to
fly the American flag or to have their
vessels admitted to American registry
save under onerous conditions. The Hum-
phreys bill proposes to admit such ves-
sels of a larger tonnage than 5,000 to
American registry, provided they are not
employed in the coastwise trade. They
are to be barred also from mail compensa-
tion under existing or future laws.

This concession, though rather grudging,
marks an advance over the prohibi-
tory policy of the navigation laws. It is
well known that there is a considerable
fleet of American owned ships engaged in
foreign commerce flying foreign flags and
under foreign registry. These would un-
doubtedly seek American registry under
the proposed bill, particularly in view of
the rebate of tonnage taxes, which it is
intended to allow American ships carry-
ing native apprentices. A very important
addition to our mercantile marine would
thus be accomplished at once, and the re-
proach that an American citizen cannot
fly his own flag over his own vessel when
he buys it abroad would be removed.

Of course, it is possible that extreme
protectionists may not be altogether pleas-
ed with this approach to the free ship
policy, but it is evident from the recent
history of subsidy legislation that unless
some such point is yielded in the contest
the subsidy project will be as stubbornly
fought as it has been in the past. Free
ships is a taking proposition, and it will
doubtless have weight with those Western
Republicans who have so far been able to
defeat subsidy legislation, even of the
milder sort contemplating merely increas-
ed ocean mail pay. This feature of the
Humphreys bill indicates that the subsidy
promoters are in a more reasonable frame
of mind than hitherto.

Considering the enormous number of
laws on our statute books, it seems queer
that the sugar trust never discovered one
it actually inclined to respect emphati-
cally until it ran across the statute of
limitations.

This being the first day of State-wide
prohibition in Tennessee, it is entirely
probable the bromeseller sellers, are
doing a land office business.

The new Emperor of China is said to be
"a most unruly and precocious young-
ster." Sort of Tartar, perhaps.

"Walter Wellman's north pole expedi-
tion has received another setback," says
the Baltimore Star. A few more setbacks
and Mr. Wellman may find himself at the
south pole.

Alfred Austin has done many things for
which he was justly criticized, but he did
not write Rudyard Kipling's last poem, he
it said in his eulogy.

Whatever it is, Tumbo has up
his sleeve, we hope. We will break it to
us gently. This intense silence is nerve-
racking.

According to three respected authori-
ties, man may live to be a hundred years
of age—first, by drinking sour milk; sec-
ond, by eating six onions per day; third,
by working hard all the time. What's
the use?

doubt whether this entitles him, under
the new unwritten political law of the
Cracker State, to a United States Sena-
torship or a 1912 Vice Presidential boom.

"Don't make yourself hotter by com-
plaining about the weather," says the
Philadelphia Press. Nor make the other
folks around you hotter, either.

Senator Bailey made an ingenious argu-
ment to prove that free raw material is
not an old-time Democratic party prin-
ciple, but we fear it remains true that a
large number of Democrats do not yet
know the way to go home.

A North Carolina debating society has
decided that "the world is flat." And
state and unprofitable in some localities;
say, Houston, Tex., for instance.

The lower house of the Florida legisla-
ture has passed a law making the State
responsible for all stolen property. Hotel
keepers who hold up tourists will be ex-
empt from the operation of this law, pre-
sumably.

If man, poor man, could have his way
and facts grew out of wishing, gadzooks!
It is the one best bet we'd all of us go
fishing.

Turkey wants a national song. How
about the "Gobble Song," so called, from
"La Mascotte"?

Senators feel fairly sure nowadays at
all events that they may proceed with
their speeches free from apprehension
that they will be interrupted by "A mes-
sage from the President."

"A flirt is a perfectly useless thing,"
says a college professor. But, professor,
some of them are highly ornamental, at
least, are they not?

Mrs. Howard Gould will now make a
noise like living the simple life on a pal-
try \$25,000 a year.

Ex-Senator Platt used to be the leader
of a village choir, but that is not where
he got his title, "The easy boss."

An ardent prohibitionist says he expects
"to live to see Paris as dry as a bone."
Paris, Ill., perhaps; Paris, France, hardly.

Has, Another reckless "joy rider" on
his way to Sing Sing. Enough there for
duet purposes, anyway.

"Summer is really with us," says the
St. Louis Republic, determined to throw
conservatism to the winds, though the
heavens fall.

According to the returns to date, Ker-
mit has killed the biggest lion. It is but
proper to say, however, that all the pre-
cincts have not yet been heard from.

John Burroughs says no animal should
be in a cage, but he evidently was not
thinking at the moment of the idiot who
insists on knowing whether it is hot
enough for you.

"Unrest in Honduras," says a headline.
That is where it feels perfectly at home,
however.

When it comes to revision upward
in the matter of temperature, Mr. Willis
Moore seems determined to out-Aldrich
Aldrich.

ADVICE TO STATESMEN.

For Strict Interpretationists.
From the New York Evening Post.
Constitutions are made for man, not man for
constitutions.

Mr. Bartholdi's Costly Peace.
From the New York Sun.
Let it be the generous hope of every philan-
thropic heart to make peace as expensive as war.

But He Kept on Studying.
From the Detroit Free Press.
Mr. Aldrich told his school books at seventeen
and now he is running the United States in some
of its most important positions.

A Query for Mr. Depew.
From the Boston Herald.
"Bend proof," says Senator Depew, of the con-
stitutionality of the tariff. Will the administration
responsible for it also be immune?

An Election Reminder.
From the Providence Journal.
A majority of the voters of the United States be-
lieved that, in casting their ballots for Mr. Taft
and a Republican Congress, they were preparing
the way for a downward revision of the tariff.

A Bold Foreign Prophet.
From the Meridian Herald.
What will most probably happen is a new align-
ment of political forces, Southern protectionists
joining the Republican party, and Northern and
Western free-trade Republicans going over to the
Democratic party.

An Earnest Warning.
From the Springfield Republican.
If the United States is to prevent the state of
"protection," the Republican party will stand
guilty of proving false to its pledges as given to
the people by Mr. Taft, and the President himself
will appear as an accessory to the crime.

Bad Roads in Virginia.
From the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.
The automobile reconnoitering excursion
may have been necessary to convince the
outside parties concerned in it that some of
the so-called public thoroughfares in
Eastern and Piedmont Virginia were un-
worthy the name of roads, but surely
sent for, immediately thereafter, Mr. Dur-
ham announced that he should retire from
politics. The remainder of his days were
passed in meditation over the maxims of
the scholarly Quay, his heirs, executors,
or assigns. Such characters as Durham
have been eminently plentiful. Yet Phila-
delphia is a city of light and leading,
with a great past and a future of promise.

Harvard Law Class of '09.
From the Boston Herald.
The decennial dinner of the class of
'09 of the Harvard Law School was held
Monday night at the Bellevue, with twenty-
five present. G. X. McLaughlin, of
Washington, was toastmaster. The fol-
lowing spoke: Guy Murchie, A. W. Mac-
chem, Jr., of Baltimore, and W. W.
Morse, of Providence.

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From the Kansas City Star.
The corporation tax bill prepared by
President Taft and Attorney General
Wickersham, and approved by the lawyer
Cabinet must certainly be "constitutional."
That's probably the reason the
Senators balk at it. There are no jokers
or loopholes in it.

A Great Man, Nevertheless.
From the Nashville American.
Whatever may be thought of Senator
Aldrich's position, few will deny that he
is a man of force and political sagacity.
It is doubtful if there is another man in
the Senate who could have managed af-
fairs for his side as he has done.

Baby McKee a Graduate.
From the Boston Herald.
Ephraim McKee is the fame of White House
babies. Baby McKee, of the Harrison
administration, who graduates from Yale
this year, may be heard from later.

Where His Troubles Begin.
From the Ohio State Journal.
Some of the troubles begin when two
trusts of equal size and similar predatory
instincts hold different views as to the prop-
riety of increasing some specific sched-
ule.

The Season of "Don'ts."
From the Richmond Times-Dispatch.
It's an ill wind and so forth. The "Hot
Weather Don'ts" man is taking advan-
tage of the peculiar situation to knock
down a little space money.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

TOO ACCOMPLISHED.
He plays, recites, knows slight of hand,
Amuses the hotel guests with his wit,
Does everything you know of, and
Does everything so well.

He swims, plays bridge, has endless store
Of funny tales to tell,
Does everything, and, furthermore,
Does everything so well.

He wins the dads and mothers, too;
He captures every belle,
But how you hate the fellow who
Does everything so well.

The Rush in New York.
"Why do you invite heart palpitation
by running for a subway train like that?"
"Fad to make it, old man. There won't
be another train for thirty seconds."

Auto Hints.
"What's the best method to repair a
busted tire?"
"Oh, use about equal parts of tire tape
and profanity."

In the Never, Never Land.
"What did the cook say?"
"Said she feared she might not suit us."
"Um! Usually the mistress is permitted
to do all the worrying on that point."

To Rich Dads.
Your boy might not the office scorn,
Might shrink his duties less.
If you would put a honk-honk horn
Upon the letter-press.

The Inference.
"Why do so many people advise a young
man to have his fun first?"
"What are you talking about?"
"Doesn't a fellow ever have any fun
after he's married?"

On a Train.
"Hey, there!" yelled the conductor.
"Why are you taking that ax and saw
out of the case?"
"I want to open a window," replied the
passenger.

A Slow Process.
Things over there are not yet ripe. They
hang fire long, I wot. One has to set a
lot of type to hatch a Balkan plot.

SCISSORED HUMOR.

Best He Ever Tasted.
From the Times.
Footlocker (to a critic who had just re-
fused to like his boots) I made for you, sir!
A critic who had just refused to like his boots.
A critic who had just refused to like his boots.

Relative Rank.
From the Life.
The average matrimonial team consists of a lead-
ing lady and a general utility man.

Wearing It.
From the Currier Weekly.
"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"
"I'm going a marketing, sir," she said.
"And where is your basket, my pretty maid?"
"I'm wearing it, sir, upon my head."

A Whaling Expedition.
From the Chicago Record-Herald.
A boy told one of his playmates he was getting
ready to run away to sea. Several months after-
ward the boy and his playmate wanted to
know if the other had been at sea.

Going Some.
From the Chicago Daily News.
"My uncle used to smoke his pipe and blow
smoke rings that would float across the room and
ring the door knob."
"My uncle," said the other lad, dreamily, "used
to blow smoke that would ring the door knob."

Healthy-On Condition.
From the Des Moines Register.
The climate is considered very healthy here, I
believe," remarked the tourist in Arizona. "Yes,
if you mind your own business," replied the native.

Cafe Music.
From the Chicago Daily News.
Customer—Heard, waiter?
Waiter—Yes, sir.
Customer—Kindly tell the leader of the orchestra
and now he is running the United States in some
of its most important positions.

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tage of the peculiar situation to knock
down a little space money.

PEOPLE AND THINGS

Collegiate Flirting.

The necessity of exact use of words in
discussion of questions sociological every-
thing ought to be appreciated by one whose
calling it is to guide others. Yet a Har-
vard professor comes forth with the an-
nouncement that what he calls "flirting"
is not only advisable but imperative for
the average college boy and girl. Now,
the professor may be quite right.
He should know something of his subject, for
he is reported as contemplating a third
marriage. But he makes the general as-
sertion that the students of Harvard and
Radcliffe give too much time to study and
too little to flirting. The one consolation
about the professor's free dispensation
of a generally that it is not glittering is
that it is unlikely to do any serious harm.
The American boy and girl of years and
discipline sufficient to enter collegiate life
at Cambridge or elsewhere are able as a
rule to manage their mutual social rela-
tions. This is a good thing, for, however,
their best chaperons, of course, the
trifling need guardianship everywhere;
but the professor is assumed to be speak-
ing about young persons whose forward
perspective of life is reasonably earnest.
They may look upon his advice as intru-
sive as it is needless.

Floral Celebration of the Fourth.
A custom, not only pretty, but pre-
sumably beneficial, is the distribution of
plants and flowers to children on July
4. The distribution is made on the Com-
mon by the Floral Emblem Society. It
is not alone the children of the tenement
districts who benefit by this benevolence;
the children of the prosperous share in
the distribution, and carry home their
attractive tokens as proudly as if they
were valuable prizes. In many instances
the mothers accompany the happy chil-
dren. This is a good thing, for, however,
there is no connection with the distinct ef-
fort to eliminate noise and fireworks
from the celebration of the day, which
seems to have made little progress in the
city, as evidenced by the monument on
Bunker Hill.

A Good Inflection Disregarded.
The recent death of the keeper of a
hotel in New York City, noted for its
sporting clientele, affords an illustration
that citizens of one kind of distinction
are sometimes without honor in their
own country. Certainly the inflection
"De mortuis nil bonum" is wholly
disregarded when the Free Press of De-
troit, whence came this boniface, chill-
ingly remarks:

The work of local commissioners of police
has been shielded from the days when the gang
was in its ascendancy in this city. The instance
in which, covering and concealing, toward
powerful citizens in public places, followed by
an assault, was attributed to the gang were
very many. Power without restraint that could
be used only by great sinners, and justice
plus much whisky would have a place in a col-
lective biography of the gang.

Of which goes to show either a
lingering resentment in Detroit, or the
absorptive and tolerant qualities of a
metropolis. One moral, whatever it be,
may best be drawn by the associates of
the departed. The chief value of such
remembrance is the possible impression
upon them.

Massachusetts Women and Ballot.
There is in Massachusetts a society
with the portentous title: "The Associa-
tion Opposed to the Further Extension of
Suffrage to Women." Its 15,459 members,
all over twenty-one years, live in 363
cities, towns, and villages. Its quarterly
publication, The Remonstrance, calls at-
tention to the defeat this year of pro-
posed legislation for woman suffrage in
sixteen States. The Massachusetts legisla-
ture this year refused to propose a
constitutional amendment for woman suf-
frage, an annually recurring proposition,
by the largest majority in fifty years. The
society's publication concludes that
Massachusetts women desire the ballot
no more than they wish to smoke brier
pipes. They have been repelled in part
by descriptions of scenes in Colorado
where women, it is stated, have not
played an altogether seemly part at
caucuses and polling places.

American Bais Invade Canada.
It appears that while immigration of
industrious human beings from the Unit-
ed States is welcomed in Winnipeg, a
contemporaneous invasion of destructive
rats is causing alarm to grain growers.
All the municipalities near the border are
following the example of the board of
control of Winnipeg and are trying to
devise a general plan to meet a situation
regarded as alarming. Hitherto the
rats, bolt of Western Canada, has been
free from this plague. The deputy min-
ister of agriculture is making a careful
investigation of the subject along the
international boundary and will make a
report to the government. "Can it be pos-
sible that the rat will yet become a cause
of international conference? It would be
interesting to know whether the farmers
of the States south of the border, whence
these rats are migrating, are suffering
also from their depredations."

Dangers of the Marathon.
It is Dr. John Girdner, well-known
publicist of New York, who rises to pro-
test against the abuse of the modern
"Marathon" race. He asserts positively
that no human heart can be trained to
endure the will power and speed of the
run twenty-six miles at top speed
without "exposing him to the danger of
collapse and sudden death, or without
bringing about conditions which favor the
development of disease in later life." He
declares that the prolonged strain af-
fects not only the heart, but every organ
of the body. He summarizes vividly:
"The circulation being completely upset,
normal nutrition and elimination are, for
the time, destroyed. The body is burned
up, and the result is a poisonous mass of
acid, and other deleterious products—the
ashes, and cinders, as it were, from this
unwanted fire raging within it—cannot
be gotten rid of as rapidly as they are